# Underrepresented Physician Sholars \& the Impact of COVID-19 on Academic Productivity 

## A Scoping Review



## Background

Initial analyses of physician scholars' academic productivity during the pandemic appeared to center on gender However, it is unclear whether the current literature goes beyond a gendered analysis. To explore this, we conducted a scoping review of the peer-reviewed literature

## Methods

Employing Arksey and O'Malley's framework (2005), we searched OVID MEDLINE, EMBASE and PubMed for papers published between Mar. '20 - Dec. '21 that focused on the impact of the pandemic on the academic productivity of underrepresented physician scholars.

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## Findings \& Implications

papers
extracted
All papers included
analysis/discussion of
gender.

| Gender was most |
| :--- |
| often discussed in |
| binary terms (i.e., |
| male/female). |

andionetric
analyses

Our review indicated a paucity of research on underrepresented physician scholars' productivity beyond gender. The majority of discussion focuses on women (particularly mothers) and the impact of the pandemic on the time they can devote to scholarly work.
of all empirical papers did not/were unable to analyze the intersection of gender, race or ethnicity on productivity.

