

Innovations in Mentorship: Implementation of a Mentorship Program in **Psychiatry that Encourages Reflection on Intersectionality and Wellness**

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Background

- Mentorship supports professional development, academic outcomes, and wellness.
- Effective mentoring relationships can engage and develop careers of broader faculty groups through greater access, equity, inclusion, and diversity (EDI).
- Survey showed > 60% Psychiatry faculty without mentors and would like one.
- 75% current mentors received no training nor resources to support mentorship.

Methods

Mentoring Working Group formed:

- . Considered literature, reviewed current programs at U. of T; identified key important components of successful mentorship programs.
- 2. Designed comprehensive program with core values and goals.
- 3. Developed evaluation plan with logic model (Figure 3).

Mentorship Program (Figure 1)

Relevant for all Roles (Equal Value)

Vision

Faculty excellence, fulfillment of academic and career goals, and wellbeing

Mission

To create a sustainable, evidence-based, mentorship program that promotes academic excellence, EDI, and wellness.

Excellence and Impact Inclusivity Equity Wellness and Safety Career Fulfillment Person-Centeredness Accountability Transparency Community

EDI Considerations

- Acknowledgement of levels of systems and hierarchies, systemic bias and power dynamics
- Recognition of importance of social identity with intersectionality lens
- Looking for opportunities to support psychological safety and wellness
- Matching of pairs
- Education and training for mentors/ mentees
- Tools and self-reflective exercises/ evaluations
- Evaluation and Implementation monitoring plan

References

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Walensky RP, et al. The impact of active mentorship: results from a survey of faculty in the Department of Medicine at Massachusetts General Hospital. BMC Med Educ. 2018;18(1):108. Womack VY, et al. Culturally aware mentorship: Lasting impacts of a novel intervention on academic administrators and faculty. PLoS One. 2020;15(8):e0236983.

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Values & Principles

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Figure 1: Visual Mentorship Model

Society and Culture University of Toronto **Department of** Psychiatry Mentorship Team

Mentorship Team: The mentee and the primary mentor who are central to the model and placed within a context of a supportive mentorship team. This level recognizes interpersonal interactions and an alignment of goals and objectives. Department of Psychiatry: This level recognizes specific structures, principles, including EDI principles, policies, resources, and culture. * University of Toronto: This level recognizes institutional factors, including structures, EDI principles, policies, resources, partnerships, and a culture. * Society & Culture: This level represents the societal level, with its sociopolitical movements, cultural factors, hierarchy, gender roles, race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, and ability.

* All levels depicted by the circles are acknowledged to have their own hierarchies, power dynamics and histories.

Research/CPA/ Education Scholarship Skills to support Role/Idenity

> **Areas of Mentee** Development

Clinical Skills; Clinical Teaching

Figure 3: Evaluation Plan

Goal: To implement and evaluate a mentorship program for the purpose of improving access to mentorship, satisfaction with career development, awareness of steps towards / and academic promotion and perceptions of support and well-being. **Components:** Baseline and yearly quantitative surveys and qualitative data collection methods

Figure 2: Areas of Mentee Development

Career Development and Transitions

> **Balance and** Wellness

Communication

skills

(assertiveness,

negotiating,

etc.)

Equity and Inclusion **Awareness**

Mentor Workshop (September 2021)

Post-Workshop Evaluation (n = 15)

| reported |
|-----------|
| increased |
| reported |
| challeng |
| reported |
| needs |
| reported |
| |

Mentor Baseline Survey (n=41)

A. Mentor Motivations for Joining Mentorship Program

To facilitate career To further develop r To further develop r To strengthen my le To gain opportunity To enhance job sat To gain opportunitie To gain access to re opportunities To increase peer rea networks Other

B. Mentors Interes

Workshop/webinar Templates to recor Workshop/webinar goals with mentees Workshop/webinar and conflict resolut Workshop/webinar Workshop/webinar about the importan Workshop/webinar

C. Top 3 anticipat

- 2. Lack of time

80% No



- **Objectives:** Overview of program; online components, processes to matching and best practices associated with mentorship. Review of scenarios with mentee/mentor
 - workshop met objectives
 - d awareness of best practices
 - stimulated reflection/self-awareness on potential
 - information presented were relevant to mentor's

overall "excellent"

| growth of more junior faculty | 83.9% |
|--|--------------|
| my mentorship skills | 77.4% |
| my professional relationships | 58.1% |
| eadership skills | 51.6% |
| y to share my areas of expertise | 48.4% |
| tisfaction | 45.1% |
| ies for self-reflection | 41.9% |
| esources, webinars, and | 32.3% |
| | |
| ecognition and expansion of | 29.0% |
| | |
| | 12.9% |
| ested in: | |
| r on best practices for mentorship | 87.1% |
| rd and guide mentee goals/plans | 74.1% |
| r on strategies to set/negotiate | 64.5% |
| S | |
| r on having difficult conversations | 54.8% |
| ition | |
| r on sponsorship and allyship | 48.4% |
| r on implicit bias training / learning | 45.1% |
| nce of social identity in mentorship | |
| r on work-life balance and wellness | 45.2% |
| ted challenges identified by mentors: | |
| | |

1. Having different goals from that of my mentee(s)

3. Managing difficult conversations/conflict

D. Guidance, support or advice on work-life balance received from the Department of Psychiatry?