## Coaching 101

Inbal Gafni

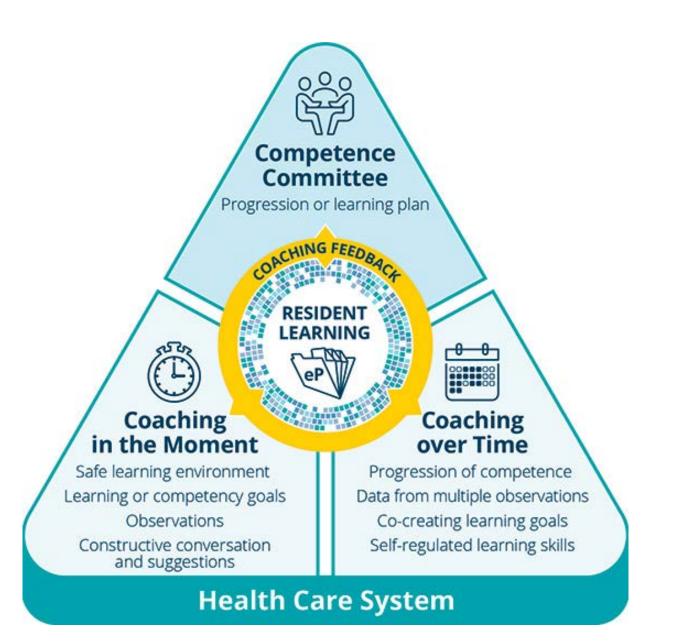
Denyse Richardson

Ivan Silver

### Objectives

- describe the key components of the CBME coaching model
- recognise the utility of coaching principles in multiple educational roles
- integrate mentoring principles into concrete expectations of coaches in the University of Toronto Psychiatry PGME program
- identify resources to support you in your coaching role with residents

Coaching in the General Psychiatry Residency Program at U of T



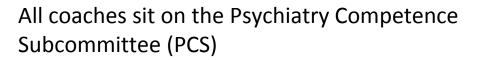
Richardson, et al. (2017). Coaching Model. The Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Canada.

Coaching in the General Psychiatry Residency Program at U of T

Goal: To help a resident become a competent clinician who is a self-directed, lifelong learner

- Longitudinal relationship; "coaching over time" from PGY1 to PGY5
- Non-evaluative position; do not assess residents as a supervisor would
- Supportive, encouraging and facilitative of improved clinical performance
- Help the resident create a learning plan to ensure they succeed in their training
- May also develop a mentorship relationship with residents to help provide guidance on career planning and wellness

# Coaches and the PCS



Coaches

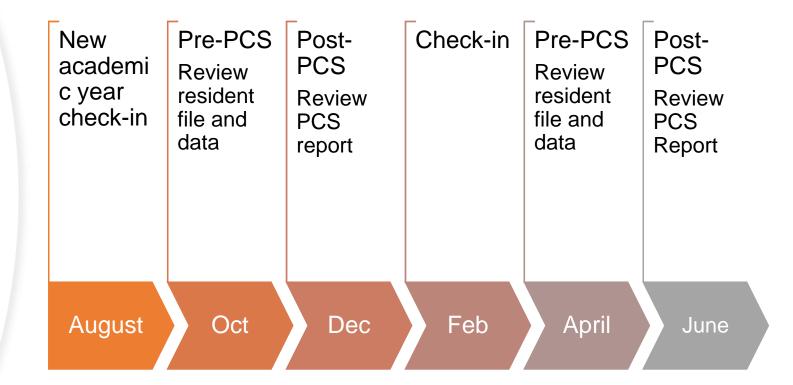
- Sit on the PCS meeting for their coachee's cohort
- Primary reviewer for 4-5 resident files
- Do not review their coachee's file for PCS
- Do not vote on their coachee's progression and promotion
- Advocate for their coachee
- Gain an in-depth understanding of what is needed for residents at that stage to progress and be promoted



#### Meeting Frequency

➤ Coaches and coachees generally meet every 2 months

Frequency can be adjusted depending on the coachee's needs



### Tasks and Responsibilities

- Encourage residents to be proactive in seeking direct observation by staff/residents/healthcare practitioners and receiving feedback to inform learning goals
- Review resident assessment data (e.g. ITAR/ITERs, OSCEs, exam results, EPAs, STACERs, presentations)
- Help residents to:
  - Reflect on clinical experiences and assessment data to inform learning needs
  - Develop learning plans to address these needs
  - Identify areas in which they are not receiving adequate direct observation and/or feedback and encourage them to seek this out
- Communicate with a coachee's supervisor as needed (feeding forward)
- Attend Resident Assessment and Support Committee (RASC) meetings as needed for their coachee

https://www.psychiatry.utoronto.ca/sites/default/files/coach\_job\_description\_2021-2022.pdf

### Coaching Session Checklist

https://www.psychiatry.utoront o.ca/sites/default/files/coaching \_session\_checklist\_final\_2021-2022.pdf ✓ Overall wellness check

☑ ■ Rotation Plans/Rotation-Specific Educational Objectives

☑ Intrustable Professional Activities

☑ ■ Rotation evaluation

Grand Rounds

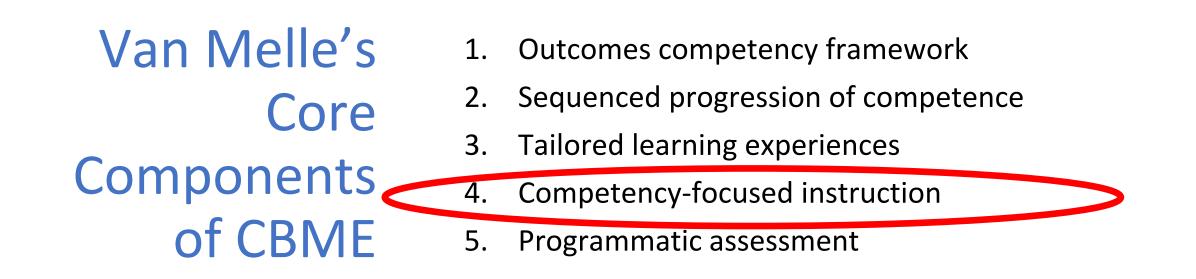
GCorEd Modules

Sychotherapy requirements

☑ ■ Mentorship/Scholarship/Navigating Residency

## **The Bigger Picture**

The Context of Coaching in Competency Based Education



Van Melle E, Frank JR, Holmboe ES, Dagnone D, Stockley D, Sherbino J; A Core Components Framework for Evaluating Implementation of Competency-Based Medical Education Programs. International Competency-Based Medical Education; Academic Medicine 2019 Apr 9. doi: 10.1097/ACM.00000000002743. [Epub ahead of print]

# What is the PURPOSE of Residency Education?





Figure 2. Spectrum of skills acquisition (Dreyfus & Dreyfus 1980).

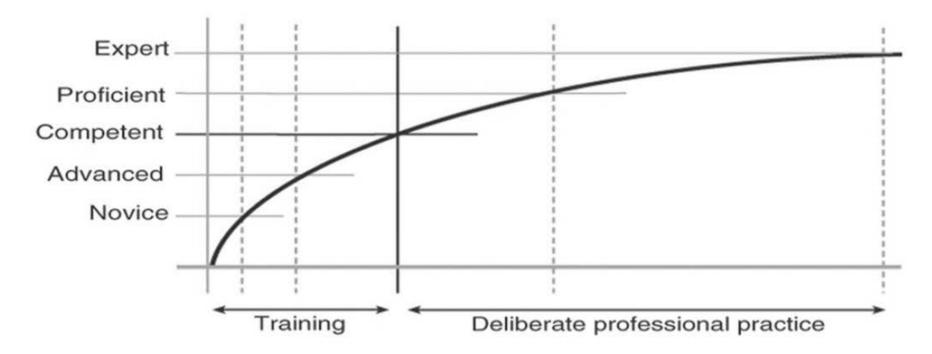


Figure 3. General curve of skills acquisition reproduced from ten Cate (2010).

# Coaching

"... can help learners reflect on where their <u>performance</u> stands and <u>how to improve</u>."

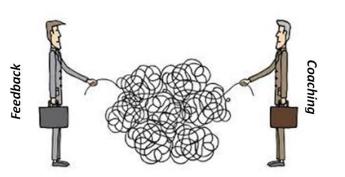
- Deiorio, N., 2016

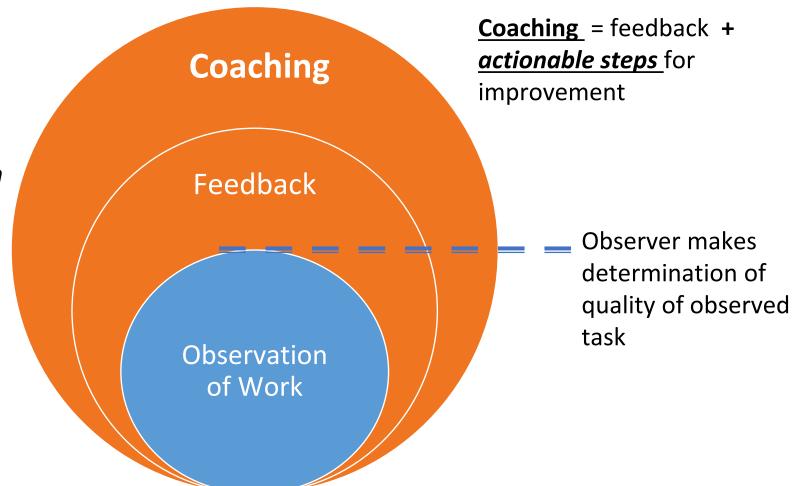


#### A coach's priority is to promote improvement

### Feedback and Coaching

<u>Feedback</u> = *information* about what was observed compared to an expected standard





### Fixed to Growth Mindsets



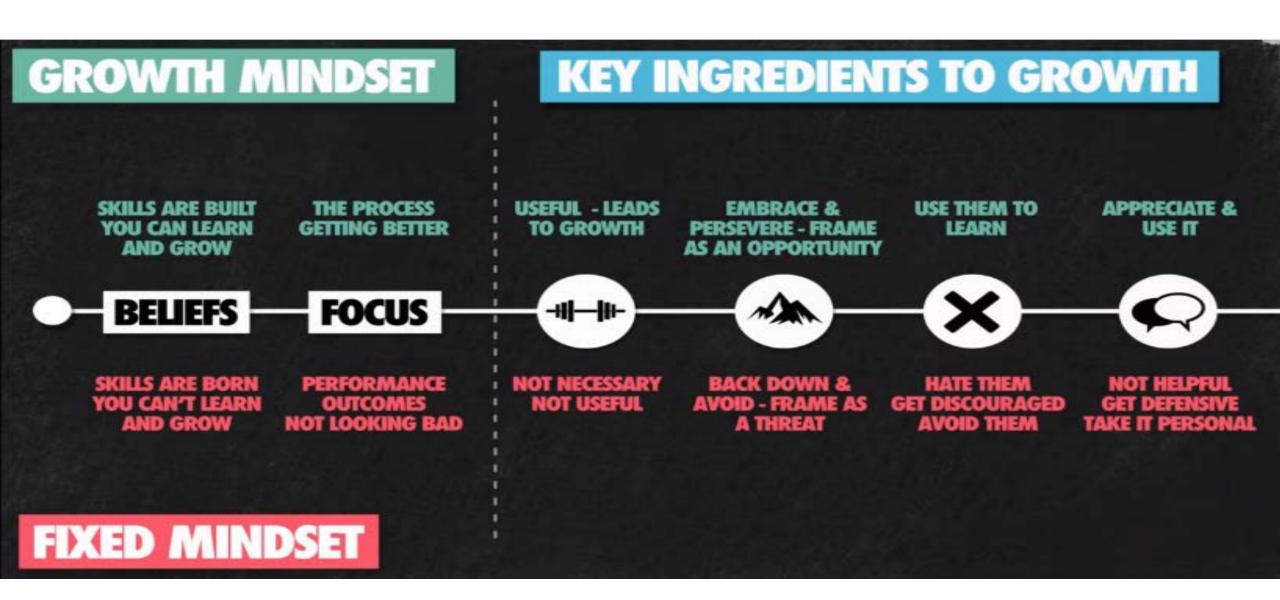
"Feedback is constructive"

"I am inspired by the success of others"

"I like to try new things"



Dweck & Leggett 1988 Ramani 2018



Growth Mindset Introduction: What it is, How it Works, and Why it Matters

**Growth Mindset** 

## **CBD** Coaching Model



### **CBD Coaching Model**



Facilitating learning and development of a residents' competence

https://www.royalcollege.ca/rcsite/cbd/implementation/wbas/coaching-and-cbd-e

### Contributors

Special thanks to the following individuals who contributed to the development of this module:

- Denyse Richardson, MD, MEd, FRCPC
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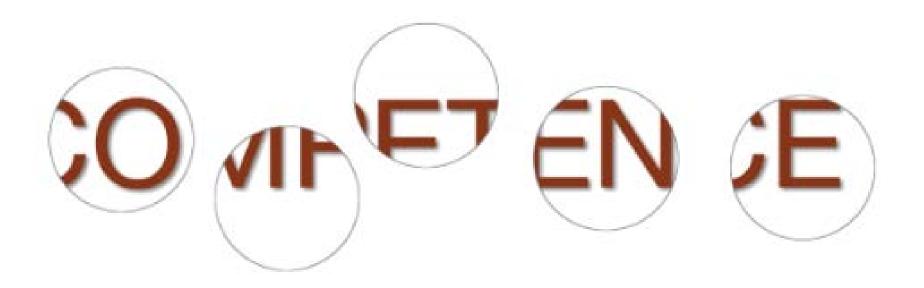


### Coaching in the Moment is...

- workplace-based, occurs in a clinical environment
- key instructional component of Workplace Based Learning
- part of normal learning activities
- timely and efficient
- low stakes and frequent
- guidance for improvement



#### **Multiple Observations**



Caverzagie and Lobst

### Paradigm Shift for CBE -Assessors to Learning Coaches

- "Summative assessment"
- High stakes
- Happens at the end of the learning process
- Goal: judge/evaluate learning at that particular instant in time

#### Assessment OF Learning

#### Observation FOR Learning

- "Formative assessment"
- Low stakes, safe environment
- Embedded in the learning process (frequent and ongoing)
- Goal: monitor learning/progress and provide immediate feedback that can be used to improve teaching/learning (feedback loop)



### **Coaching Over Time**

- An educational partnership/alliance
- A **longitudinal** relationship between clinician and learner
- 2 Goals: a) performance progression over time
  b) self regulated learning skill development



### **Coaching Defined**

	Mentoring	Coaching	Teaching
Focus	Individual	Individual	Individual or Group
Goal	Advice and Guidance	Performance Enhancement	Knowledge Acquisition
Timing	Over time	In the Moment or Over time	In the Moment or Over time
Approach	Conversational	Collaborative	Directive

SUPERVISING, SPONSORING

Launer, 2014; Lovell, 2017

### Case example

Your CBD Foundations Stage (PGY-2) resident has been challenged with completing EPA's (30% of requirement) STACERS (none so far) throughout the academic year and it is now February.

You are either their current primary supervisor or their coach.

What approach would you take as their current primary supervisor/coach?

What approach would you take as their "coach"?

### Two roles for coaching in CBME

### Supervisor as "coach" Coach as "coach"

#### Roles of coach as "coach"

create a trusting supportive relationship enable learning reminders for meeting training requirements wellness checks enable networking foster scholarship development coach the resident to coach the supervisor

### **Coaching Checklist**



Check out the coaching checklist sent out on 23/7/21

At the beginning of a rotation, create a learning contract together

### What is a learning contract?

An individual student negotiating with and entering into an informal agreement with, a supervisor to pursue a short or long term goals to achieve competencies

A means of establishing a mutual understanding between a student and the supervisor

A method of balancing the requirements of a curriculum with individualized learning and student autonomy

# #2 Review the rotation plan or rotation-specific educational objectives for their each rotation

#3 How are you going to set up the opportunities for "coaching in the moment" and "coaching over time" during the rotation?

#4 What has been the most effective methods for receiving feedback in the resident's experience? Is there an opportunity to share this with their supervisor?

#5 Are you keeping track of all the requirements for each rotation?

- a. 1 EPA/week (1 q 2 weeks of LAE)b. Stacers (PGY-2- PGY-4)
- c. Grand Rounds
- d. PGCorEd Modules (PGY1-2 only)
- e. Psychotherapy requirements (PGY-2-PGY-5)
- f. COPE exam and results
- g. Are their ITERS/ITARs to be reviewed?

#6. Are their areas for development that you can assist with (directly or through coaching the resident to coach their supervisor?)

#7 How can you help the resident with networking for further learning, scholarship and teaching?

#### #8 Coaching for life balance



#9 Can you help the resident trouble-shoot?

- a. supervisors who don't complete EPA evaluations
- b. supervisors who are are not providing timely feedback
- c. advocacy issues re. personal circumstances
- d. working with their supervisors

#10 Career advice and related networking

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https://www.royalcollege.ca/rcsite/cbd/implementation/wbas/coaching-and-cbd-e

https://www.psychiatry.utoronto.ca/sites/default/files/coaching\_session\_checklist\_final\_2021-2022.pdf

### Summary

- 1. Coaching is for performance improvement
- 2. Embraces a Growth Mindset
- 3. Requires an Educational Relationship
- 4. Promotes resident autonomy the driver of their learning
- 5. Focuses on the individual resident
- 6. Residents can be coached on how to coach their supervisors to coach them

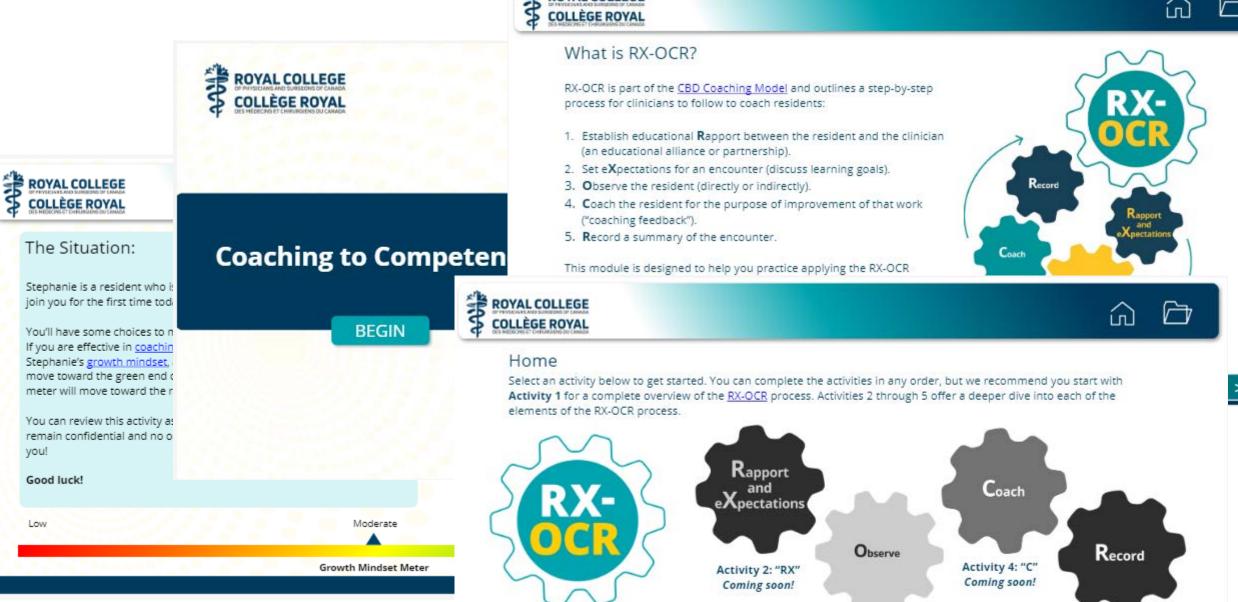
#### **Coaching to Competence Modules**

you!

Low

Good luck!

http://www.royalcollege.ca/rcsite/cbd/cbd-online-training-eollege



Activity 1: "RX-OCR"